Year 3 Autumn 1	Year 3 Autumn 2	Year 3 Spring 1	Year 3 Spring 2	Year 3 Summer 1	Year 3 Summer 2
Key area:	Key area:	Key area:	Key area:	Key area:	Key area:
Prayer, worship and reflection	Sources of Wisdom	Sources of Wisdom	Beliefs and practices.	Justice and fairness	Symbols and actions
End of year 3 statement for	End of year 3 statement for	End of year 3 statement for	End of year 3 statement for	End of year 3 statement	End of year 3 statement for key
key area: Ask and answer	key area: Raise questions and	key area: Raise questions and	key area: Describe using	for key area:	area:
questions about places of	suggest meanings to three	suggest meanings to three	specific religious vocabulary	Explore moral stories and	Describe how religious beliefs,
prayer and worship and the	examples of either religious	examples of either religious	the impact of celebrations	reflect on why individuals	symbolic expression and actions
impact they might make on	and moral stories, sacred	and moral stories, sacred	and key moments in life in	make choices about	can communicate meaning to
faith communities.	writings or sources of wisdom.	writings or sources of wisdom.	some religious communities	what is right and wrong,	individual followers. Describe some
	Identify the faith traditions	Identify the faith traditions		just and fair.	similarities between two faith
	from which these come and	from which these come and			communities.
	their impact on followers.	their impact on followers			
Big Question:	Big Question:	Big Question:	Big Question:	Big Question:	Big Question:
How is a mosque important to	(UC Incarnation 2a.3)	What do Muslims believe	Why do Christians call the day	How do Christian stories	Which actions show devotion to
the local Muslim community?	What is the Trinity?	about the origins and	Jesus died Good Friday? (UC	illustrate the importance	God?
	Teachers should read the	authority of the Qur'an?	Salvation 2a.5) CORE	of justice and fairness?	Compare Islamic and Christian
Pupils investigate the role,	essential information pages		LEARNING SECTION Teachers	e.g. The parable of the	communities E.g. <u>Islam:</u> 5 pillars,
place of worship, and suggest	-		should read the essential	sheep and goats	cover head to pray, face Mecca,
why it plays a significant part	(also ties to <b>Symbols and</b>		information pages before	Zacchaeus (Zacchaeus)	read Qur'an, learn Arabic (to be
in a religious community.	actions- key Christian beliefs-		teaching this unit.	the tax collector etc.	able to read Qur'an) no pictures
Pupils consider how	Trinity and baptism. Baptism		Dependent on cohort.		in mosque, wudu, Friday prayers,
architecture expresses how a	also ties to <b>Beliefs and</b>				festivals, fasting, religious
community communicates	practices)				pilgrimages e.g. Hajj.
through prayer, worship and					Christianity: kneel praying, think
reflection e.g. design of					back to Grace spring 1, owning
mosque					and reading Bible, fasting,
					attending services, ladies wear hats in church, men remove their
					hats in church to show respect to
					God, genuflecting (kneel and sign
					of the cross) volunteering,
					observing festivals, rituals e.g.
					baptism, pilgrimage to a religious
					site.10 Commandments etc.
Previous learning to draw	Previous learning to draw	Previous learning to draw	Previous learning to draw	Previous learning to draw	Previous learning to draw upon:
upon:	upon:	upon:	upon:	upon:	YR1: Zakat – What is it? Why is it
Yr1: Using artefacts to explore	Yr1 Why does Christmas	Yr 2 Sacred texts – Who reads	Yr1: The Easter Story- How do	Yr 1 Faith stories or	important to Muslims?
worship – compare artefacts.	matter to Christians? How do	them, when, where, why?	Christians celebrate Easter?	parables. Specifically	Yr2: Muslim prayer and action
Visit to place of worship-local	festivals bring people	Special books – Bible, Torah,	Why is it important?	mentioned:	find out about symbols for
Church.	together?	Koran. Why are these books	Yr2: The Easter Story,	The Lost Sheep, The Two	God/ Allah different ways of
Yr2: Muslim prayer and action	Yr 2: What events are	sacred? How are they looked	Lent – events leading up to	Sons	thanking God- comparing
	Christians remembering at	after?	Easter (Holy week)	<u>Yr 2</u> Good Samaritan,	e.g. Sikhism/Hinduism/ <b>Islam</b> .
	Christmas?	Faith stories from Islam	· · ·	Loaves and Fishes. Right	
				and wrong – moral values	
				(compare different moral	
				stories)	

Year 4 Autumn 1	Year 4 Autumn 2	Year 4 Spring 1	Year 4 Spring 2	Year 4 Summer 1	Year 4 Summer 2
Key area: Symbols and Actions	<u>Key area:</u> Sources of Wisdom	<u>Key area:</u> Prayer, Worship and Reflection Ultimate questions	Key area: Beliefs and practices.	Key area: Sources of Wisdom	<u>Key areas:</u> Justice and fairness Human responsibility and values
End of year 4 statement for key area: Explain how a range of beliefs, symbolic expression and actions (verbal and non- verbal) can communicate meaning to individual followers. Describe some similarities between communities.	End of year 4 statement for key area: Show awareness, respond to and interpret a range of stories, sacred writings and sources of wisdom, recognising and understanding the impact within different communities and on individual believers.	End of year 4 statement for PW&R Describe why and where worshippers connect to prayer and worship. Participate in periods of stillness and quiet thought and where appropriate express personal reflections. End of year 4 statement for UQ: Respond to a range of challenging 'if' and 'why' questions about making sense of the world, expressing personal reflections.	End of year 4 statement for key area: Describe, make connections and reflect on some religious and non- religious worldviews studied, using specific religious vocabulary about how celebrations and key moments in life are marked by different communities.	End of year 4 statement for key area: Show awareness, respond to and interpret a range of stories, sacred writings and sources of wisdom, recognising and understanding the impact within different communities and on individual believers.	<ul> <li>End of year 4 statement for Justice and fairness:</li> <li>Consider and discuss questions on matters that are important in the world including choices about what is right and what is wrong.</li> <li>End of year 4 statement for Human responsibility and values:</li> <li>Illustrate how diverse communities can live together respectfully sharing the same important values and sense of responsibility.</li> </ul>
Big Question(s): What is the 'Khalsa' and why is it so important to many Sikhs?	Big Question: (UC Incarnation 2a.3) What is the Trinity? *DIGGING DEEPER SECTION. Teachers should read the essential information pages before teaching this unit.	Big Question 1: What is a shrine? What happens in Puja in many Hindu homes? Big Question 2: Explore the Hindu beliefs about the Trimurti. (able to compare /contrast to Christian belief in the Trinity)	Big Question: Why do         Christians remember the         events of Holy Week each         yea? *DIGGING DEEPER         Scholl, U C Salvation unit         (A.5) Teachers should read         inges before teaching this         unit.	Big Question: Consider what makes a 'special' book a 'sacred' book and how should it be treated? (context should be the Bible/Guru Granth Sahib) <u>Also to cover:</u> How might the Bhagavad Gita or Ramayana help guide many Hindus in their daily lives?	<ul> <li>Big Question(s): J&amp; F</li> <li>'There is always room in the world for more fairness, peace and justice.' Discuss using The milk and the Jasmine flower, How Ganesh got his elephant head and The Widow's Mite'</li> <li>Why and how do Hindus respect animals, the environment and other humans?</li> <li>What does Hindu thought teach about equality?</li> <li>Why is the Langar a central part of Sikh life? Share the story of The Emperor and the Langar.</li> <li>Big Question HR&amp;V: Pupils discuss and apply ideas from different religious codes and worldviews for living to compile a charter of their own moral values, highlighting respect for all.</li> </ul>

Previous learning to draw <u>upon:</u> Yr1:Belonging to a family and community – What things are important to you and your family?: Yr2: Different ways of thanking God – Sikhism/Hinduism. Yr3: S and A Key Area: In the context of Christianity and Islam - actions that show devotion to God.	Previous learning to draw <u>upon:</u> Yr1: Naming ceremonies Yr2: Faith stories from Hinduism Yr3:S o W Key area: Authority and origins of the Qur'an. <u>Christmas context:</u> Yr1 Why does Christmas matter to Christians? How do festivals bring people together? Yr 2: What events are Christians remembering at Christmas? Yr3: What is the Trinity- core learning.	Previous learning to draw <u>upon:</u> Yr1: Celebrating Diwali (Hindus) Yr2: Ultimate questions :Who made the world? and other big questions. Why is the Sky Blue? – story link to Christian creation story. Yr 2: Different ways of thanking God – Hindu Yr3: PWR Key area: Context of the Mosque in Islam.	Previous learning to draw <u>upon:</u> In the context of Easter- Yr1: The Easter Story- How do Christians celebrate Easter? Why is it important? Yr2: The Easter Story Lent – events leading up to Easter Yr3: Why do Christians call the day Jesus died Good Friday? (UC Salvation 2a.5) Core Learning section.	Previous learning to draw <u>upon:</u> Yr1: they consider special books- Bible/Torah/Qur'an Who reads them, when, where, why? Yr2: Muslim prayer and the Christian Lord's Prayer. Yr 3 will have answered What do Muslims believe about the origins and authority of the Qur'an?	Previous learning to draw upon: Yr2: Showing care and concern Good Samaritan story – Charity and how Christians look after others in their community. Charities - linked to Loaves and Fishes Bible story Right and wrong – moral values (compare different moral stories) Taking responsibility. Poem about living together happily (ingredients) Yr 3 Christian stories exploring justice and fairness.
Year 5 Autumn 1	Year 5 Autumn 2	Year 5 Spring 1	Year 5 Spring 2	Year 5 Summer 1	Year 5 Summer 2
Key area: Symbols and Actions Ultimate questions	Key area: Beliefs and Practices	Key area: Justice and fairness	Key area: Sources of Wisdom	Key area: Symbols and Actions Identity and belonging	Key area: Prayer, Worship and Reflection
<ul> <li>End of year 5 statement for S&amp;A: Describe how a range of beliefs, symbolic expression and actions can communicate meaning to individuals. Identify some similarities and differences between and within two communities.</li> <li>End of year 5 statement for UQ: Raise challenging questions and suggest answers including a range of perspectives from different faiths and belief groups.</li> </ul>	End of year 5 statement for key area: Using religious vocabulary, compare two examples of celebrations marking key points in life's journey including pilgrimage.	End of year 5 statement for key area: Identify and describe how people with religious and worldviews make choices about what is right and wrong.	End of year 5 statement for key area: Demonstrate an understanding of the impact of sources of wisdom on individuals and give examples of how these connect to different communities.	End of year 5 statement for symbols and actions: Describe how a range of beliefs, symbolic expression and actions can communicate meaning to individuals. Identify some similarities and differences between and within two communities. End of year 5 statement for I & B: Recognise the challenges of commitment for individuals belonging to a living faith. Raise questions on how faith today is shaped by identity, religious guidance and leadership both past and present.	End of year 5 statement for key area: Explain why, where and how, worshippers connect to prayer and worship. Actively engage in periods of stillness; describe their reflective experiences.
<b>S&amp;A Big Question(s)</b> : 'And you shall bind them as a sign (Deuteronomy 6:8) How and why are the tallit, tefillin	<b>Big Question(s):</b> What is the difference between the sacred and secular Christmas?	<b>Big Question:</b> Introduction to the Holocaust pupils learn about the lives of children caught up in the	Big Question: What did Jesus do to save human beings? (UC Salvation unit 2b.6) Teachers should	<b>S&amp;A Big Question:</b> What themes do Passover and Easter have in common?	<b>Big Question(s):</b> How do prayers such as the Shema and the Lord's prayer enhance worship?

and the kippah used as signs and symbols in Jewish prayer? (Use a range of artefactsexplore the different ways people express meaning) UQ Big Question: (UC Creation 2b.2) 'Creation and science' Contradictory or complementary? Teachers should read the essential information pages before teaching this unit. This unit will naturally cover the following; learning different perspectives about the beginnings of life on earth. Why there are different accounts of how the world started. (all UQ)	Is Christmas only for Christians?	early events of the Holocaust. Through the humanitarian Kindertransport operation, pupils explore prejudice, courage and faith and reflect on the choices people make and ideas of right and wrong	read the essential information pages before teaching this unit.	I &B Big Question Being Kosher and observing Shabbat important ancient la kept by some Jew people; what are t challenges for mod Jews to follow ther (approx. 4 weeks
<ul> <li><u>Previous learning to draw</u> <u>upon in Judaism:</u></li> <li><u>Yr 1</u>: Sukkot Jewish holiday. What is Sukkot and how is it celebrated?</li> <li><u>Key Area previous learning</u> <u>Symbols and Actions:</u> <u>Yr 3</u> In the context of</li> <li>Christianity and Islam - actions that show devotion to God. <u>Yr 4</u>: Sikhism- 5ks</li> <li><u>Previous learning to draw</u> <u>upon in Key area Ultimate</u> <u>Questions:</u></li> <li>Yr2: Who made the world? and other big questions.</li> <li>Why is the Sky Blue? – story link to Christian creation story.</li> <li>Compare to another creation story e.g Aboriginal/ Buddhist/ Hindu</li> <li>Yr4: Study re Trinity in Christianity and Trimurti in Hinduism.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li><u>Previous learning to draw</u> <u>upon: Christmas:</u></li> <li>Yr1 Why does Christmas matter to Christians? How do festivals bring people together? Festivals of light. Yr 2: What events are Christians remembering at Christmas?</li> <li>Yr3: What is the Trinity-core learning. Yr 4: What is the Trinity digging deeper section.</li> <li><u>In Belief and Practices key area:</u></li> <li>Yr 3 Easter why the day Jesus died is called Good Friday. Yr 4 Why do Christians remember the events of Holy Week each year?</li> </ul>	Previous learning to draw <u>upon:</u> <u>Yr2:</u> Showing care and concern. Good Samaritan story – Charity and how Christians look after others in their community. Charities - linked to Loaves and Fishes Bible story Right and wrong – moral values (compare different moral stories) Yr4 Stories from faiths e.g. The milk and the Jasmine flower, How Ganesh got his elephant head and The Widow's Mite' Sikhism- Langar Hinduism teachings re equality and ahimsa	Previous key area learning to draw upon:Yr1: they consider special books- Bible/Torah/Qur'an Who reads them, when, where, why?Yr2: Muslim prayer and the Christian Lord's Prayer.Yr 3 What do Muslims believe about the origins and authority of the Qur'an? Yr4 Difference between sacred and special. Context: Bible/Guru Granth Sahib/ Bhagavad Gita or Ramayana.Previous Easter learning to draw on: Yr1: The Easter Story- How do Christians celebrate Easter? Why is it important? Yr2: The Easter Story Lent , Holy Week.Yr3: Why do Christians call the day Jesus died Good Friday? (UC Salvation 2a.5) Core Learning section.	Previous learning to a <u>upon Judaism</u> : yr2: Shabbat- Why Shabbat important Jewish people? Compare to own lin <u>Within Key area Sym</u> <u>and Actions</u> : Yr 3 Showing devotic God-Christianity/Isla Yr 4 Sikhism- 5ks <u>Within Key Area-Iden</u> <u>and belonging</u> Yr 4 Sikhism- Khals

n: nd it are laws wish e the odern em? ks)	Do Christians need to worship in a Church to connect with God?
<u>o draw</u> <u>i:</u> ny is nt to ; - lives <u>mbols</u> tion to slam. cs <u>entity</u> alsa	Previous learning to draw upon: Yr2: The Lord's Prayer Why do Christians pray? The Lord's Prayer in images. Yr 3 Mosque and role in the community- Islam. Yr 4: Puja/shrine-Hinduism

Year 6 Autumn 1 Key area: Symbols and Actions	Year 6 Autumn 2 Key area: Identity and belonging	Year 6 Spring 1 Key area: Prayer, worship and reflection	Yr4: Why do Christians remember the events of Holy Week each year? (Digging deeper) Year 6 Spring 2 <u>Key area:</u> Sources of Wisdom	Year 6 Summer 1 Key area: Human responsibility and	Year 6 Summer 2 Key area: Ultimate questions
				values Justice and fairness	
End of year 6 statement for key area: Compare how and why a range of beliefs expression and actions communicate different meaning to individuals within communities. Identify and describe similarities and differences between and within communities.	End of year 6 statement for key area: Show and express insights into the challenges of individual commitment, belonging and faith. Raise questions on guidance and leadership in their own and others' lives.	End of year 6 statement for key area: Through enquiry and experience, demonstrate worshippers' connection to prayer, faith and sacred spaces.	End of year 6 statement for key area: Show awareness, respond to and interpret a range of stories, sacred writings and sources of wisdom, recognising and understanding the impact within different communities and on individual believers.	End of year 6 statement for HR&V: Explain how diverse communities can live together identifying common values, justice, respect and shared human responsibility. Use personal and critical responses to challenge how individual and collective responsibility is shaped by faith and belief. <u>Key Area:</u> End of year 6 statement for J&F: Evaluate and ask challenging questions applying their own and others ideas about responsibility and what is right and wrong, considering possible effects of different moral choices.	End of year 6 statement for key area: Present a range of views and answers to challenging questions about belonging, meaning and truth.
<b>Big Question:</b> Buddhism principles. What links the wheel and lotus flower in the light of Buddhist teaching and actions?	Big Question: UC unit – Incarnation 2B.4 Was Jesus the Messiah? Teachers should read the essential information pages before teaching this unit.	Big Question: Why is meditation and mindfulness so central to Buddhism? Pupils find out about prayer, reflection, meditation and stillness Write some prayers or meditations suited to particular occasions and traditions.	Big Question: What difference does the resurrection make to Christians? U. Christianity Unit 2B.7 Teachers should read the essential information pages before teaching this unit.	Big Question HR&V: Pupils discover what Humanists, Christians and Buddhists teach about how people can live together for the well- being of all. Big Question: How do people with non- religious worldviews decide what is a good life? (Humanism- 10 commandments?)	Big Question(s): Why do some artists represent Jesus as a person from their own culture? and/or e.g. Is God real? What is God like?

Previous learning to draw	Previous learning to draw	Previous learning to draw	Previous key area learning to	Previous learning to draw	Previous learning to draw upon
upon Buddhism:	upon:	upon:	draw upon:	upon:	from Key area:
Yr2 faith stories from	<u>Re Christmas</u>	Aut 1 Buddhism- Lotus	Yr1: consider special books-	Yr2: Whose world is it?	Yr2: Ultimate questions: Who made
Buddhism.	Yr3:What is the Trinity?	flower/4 sights/Noble	Bible/Torah/Qur'an Who	Should we all take care	the world? and other big
Key Area Symbols and	Yr4:Digging Deeper section-	eightfold Path	reads them, when, where,	of world?	questions.
Actions:	Trinity.	Key Area Prayer, worship,	why?	Yr4: Ahimsa in Hindu	Why is the Sky Blue? – story link to
Yr 3 In the context of	Yr5: sacred and secular	reflection:	Yr2: Muslim prayer and the	context.	Christian creation story.
Christianity and Islam - actions	Christmas. Is Christmas only for	Yr 3 Mosque and role in the	Christian Lord's Prayer.		Yr4: Study re Trinity in Christianity
that show devotion to God.	Christians?	community- Islam.	Yr 3 will have answered What	Key area: Human	and Trimurti in Hinduism.
Yr 4: Sikhism- 5ks	Re: Identity and belonging	<u>Yr 4: Puja/shrine-Hinduism.</u>	do Muslims believe about the	Responsibility and Values:	Yr 5: Creation and science'
Yr 5 Themes in Easter and	Yr 4 Sikhism- Khalsa	<u>Yr 5 How the Shema and the</u>	origins and authority of the	Yr4: Moral charter	Contradictory or complementary?
Passover Judaism: tallit, tefillin	Yr 5- Judaism-	Lord's prayer enhance	Qur'an?	drawing on	
and the kippah	Kosher/Shabbat	worship. (Christianity/Judaism)	Yr4 Difference between	Christianity/Sikhism/Hindui	
			sacred and special. Context:	sm and previous learning	
			(Bible/Guru Granth Sahib/	of Islam in yr 3)	
			Bhagavad Gita or	, , ,	
			Ramayana)		
			Yr5 Mark's Gospel- Salvation		
			unit.		
			Previous Easter learning to		
			draw on:		
			Yr1: The Easter Story- How do		
			Christians celebrate Easter?		
			Why is it important?		
			Yr2: The Easter Story		
			Lent – events leading up to		
			Easter.		
			Yr3: Why do Christians call the		
			day Jesus died Good Friday?		
			(UC Salvation 2a.5) Core		
			Learning section.		
			Yr4: Why do Christians		
			remember the events of Holy		
			Week each year? (Digging		
			deeper)		
			Yr5: What did Jesus do to		
			save human beings?		
			Ŭ		