

Year 5 Religion Christianity Half terms studied Autumn 1, Autumn 2, Spring 2, Summer 1 and Summer 2 (comparison of faiths)

Year 6 Key areas:



Ultimate Questions



Beliefs and practices.



Sources of Wisdom.



Symbols and Actions



Prayer , Worship and Reflection.

Essential facts about Christianity:

- Christians believe that God created the world.
- Some Christians believe Genesis is literally true where others think it is there to tell them about God as a creator.
- Christians believe there is **only one God**, but in **three different forms**: God the Father, God the Son (Jesus)The Holy Spirit.
- Christians believe that **Jesus is the son of God**. (Incarnation)
- Christians believe Jesus died to save people and take away their sins (Salvation)and that it was all part of God's plan.
- Christians remember Jesus' sacrifice during Holy Communion (Eucharist/Mass) where they share bread and wine.
- The Bible is the Christian Holy Book- divided into The New Testament and The Old Testament.
- Most Christians worship in churches.

Previous learning in key areas: (LKS2)

Yr4: Study re Trinity in Christianity and Trimurti in Hinduism. UQ Key Area previous learning.
 Yr3 will have answered What do Muslims believe about the origins and authority of the Qur'an? (S of W)
 Yr4 Difference between sacred and special. Context: Bible/Guru Granth Sahib/ Bhagavad Gita or Ramayana (S of W)
 Yr3 Mosque and role in the community- Islam. (PW&R). Yr4: Puja/shrine-Hinduism (PW&R)
 Yr3 Showing devotion to God-Christianity/Islam. Yr4: Sikhism- 5ks (S&A)

(Incarnation)Christmas context:

Yr3: What is the Trinity- core learning.
 Yr4: What is the Trinity digging deeper section.

(Salvation) Easter context:

Yr3 Easter why is the day Jesus died called Good Friday?
 Yr4 Why do Christians remember the events of Holy Week each year?

New vocabulary for yr5 /essential vocabulary:

- Jesus
- contradictory -opposite/contrasting
- complementary -supportive, harmonious
- Bible (The First Book is called Genesis)
- Cosmology (beginnings of the universe)
- Evolution (the development of living beings.
- Incarnate- means 'in the flesh' God in human form.
- sacred holy-connected to a God /religion.
- secular- non- religious.
- Advent- time of waiting/preparation for Jesus' birth (begins four Sundays before Christmas.)
- symbol- a thing that represents or stands for something else.
- Stations of the cross- 14 points on Jesus's journey to the **crucifixion**- death on the cross)
- resurrection- Jesus Christ rising from the dead.
- sacrifice-give up (something valued) for the sake of others
- worship
- Lord's Prayer- prayer Jesus taught the disciples.
- guidance- advice/information to solve a problem or difficulty.
- forgiveness-the act of being forgiven.

Festivals/celebrations:

Christians remember Christmas for Jesus' birth.



Easter



Christians remember Jesus' sacrifice during Holy Communion (also called Eucharist/Mass) where they share bread and wine which symbolises Jesus' body and blood.



Symbols:



Advent wreath



Our Father

Our Father,
Who art in heaven,

