## Brookland Junior School

## Progression in Science

Science Knowledge Progression Grid:

| Topic | KS 1 | LKS2 | UKS2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Y1: <br> - identify and name a variety of common animals including fish, amphibians, reptiles, birds and mammals |  |  |
| Animals <br> Including humans | Y1 <br> - identify and name a variety of common animals that are carnivores, herbivores and omnivores <br> (Y2 - Living things and their habitats: <br> - describe how animals obtain their food from plants and other animals, using the idea of a simple food chain, and identify and name different sources of food) | Y4 <br> - construct and interpret a variety of food chains, identifying producers, predators and prey |  |
| (Incl. Y6 <br> Evolution and <br> Inheritance) | Yl <br> - describe and compare the structure of a variety of common animals (fish, amphibians, reptiles, birds and mammals including pets) <br> - identify, name, draw and label the basic parts of the human body and say which part of the body is associated with each sense | Y3: <br> - identify that humans and some other animals have skeletons and muscles for support, protection and movement <br> Y4: <br> - describe the simple functions of the basic parts of the digestive system in humans <br> - identify the different types of teeth in humans and their simple functions | Y6: <br> - identify and name the main parts of the human circulatory system, and describe the functions of the heart, blood vessels and blood <br> - describe the ways in which nutrients and water are transported within animals, including humans |


|  | Y2: <br> - notice that animals, including humans, have offspring which grow into adults |  | Y5: <br> - describe the changes as humans develop to old age <br> Y6 (Evolution and inheritance) <br> - recognise that living things produce offspring of the same kind, but normally offspring vary and are not identical to their parents <br> (Y5 Living things and their habitats: <br> - describe the differences in the life cycles of a mammal, an amphibian, an insect and a bird) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Y2: <br> - find out about and describe the basic needs of animals, including humans, for survival (water, foodand air) <br> - describe the importance for humans of exercise, eating the right amounts of different types of food, and hygiene | Y3 <br> - identify that animals, including humans, need the right types and amount of nutrition, and that they cannot make their own food; they get nutrition from what they eat | Y6 <br> - recognise the impact of diet, exercise, drugs and lifestyle on the way their bodies function <br> - (describe the ways in which nutrients and water are transported within animals, including humans) |
|  |  | (Y3 Rocks: <br> - describe in simple terms how fossils are formed when things that have lived are trapped within rock) | Y6 (Evolution and inheritance) <br> - recognise that living things have changed over time and that fossils provide information about living things that inhabited the Earth millions of years ago <br> - identify how animals and plants are adapted to suit their environment in different ways and that adaptation may lead to evolution |


|  | Y1: <br> - identify and name a variety of common wild and garden plants, including deciduous and evergreen trees |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Plants | Y1: <br> - identify and describe the basic structure of a variety of common flowering plants, including trees | Y 3 : <br> - identify and describe the functions of different parts of flowering plants: roots, stem/trunk, leaves and flowers <br> - investigate the way in which water is transported within plants |  |
|  | Y2: <br> - observe and describe how seeds and bulbs grow into mature plants | Y3: <br> - explore the part that flowers play in the life cycle of flowering plants, including pollination, seed formation and seed dispersal | (Y5 - living things and their habitats <br> - describe the life process of reproduction in some plants and animals) |
|  | Y2: <br> - find out and describe how plants need water, light and a suitable temperature to grow and stay healthy | Y3 <br> - explore the requirements of plants for life and growth (air, light, water, nutrients from soil, and room to grow) and how they vary from plant to plant |  |


|  | Y2 <br> - identify that most living things live in habitats to which they are suited and describe how different habitats provide for the basic needs of different kinds of animals and plants, and how they depend on each other <br> - identify and name a variety of plants and animals in their habitats, including microhabitats <br> - describe how animals obtain their food from plants and other animals, using the idea of a simple food chain, and identify and name different sources of food | Y4 <br> - recognise that environments can change and that this can sometimes pose dangers to living things <br> (Y4: Animals including humans: <br> - construct and interpret a variety of food chains, identifying producers, predators and prey) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Living things and their habitats |  | Y4: <br> - recognise that living things canbe grouped in a variety of ways <br> - explore and use classification keys to help group, identify and name a variety of living things in their local and wider environment | Y6: <br> - describe how living things are classified into broad groups according to common observable characteristics and based on similarities and differences, including micro-organisms, plants and animals <br> - give reasons for classifying plants and animals based on specific characteristics |
|  | (Y2 - Animals including Humans: <br> - notice that animals, including humans, have offspring which grow into adults) <br> Y2: <br> - explore and compare the differences between things that are living, dead, and things that have never been alive |  | Y5: <br> - describe the differences in the life cycles of a mammal, an amphibian, an insect and a bird <br> - describe the life process of reproduction in some plants and animals |


| Materials: <br> Everyday | Y1 (everyday materials): <br> - distinguish between an object and the material from which it is made <br> - identify and name a variety of everyday materials, including wood, plastic, glass, metal, water, and rock <br> Y2 Uses of everyday materials: <br> - identify and compare the suitability of a variety of everyday materials, including wood, metal, plastic, glass, brick, rock, paper and cardboard for particular uses |  | Y5 Properties and changes of materials: <br> - give reasons, based on evidence from comparative and fair tests, for the particular uses of everyday materials, including metals, wood and plastic |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (Y1), <br> - Uses of everyday materials (Y2), <br> - Rocks (y3), - <br> States of | Yl everyday materials: <br> - describe the simple physical properties of a variety of everyday materials <br> - compare and group together a variety of everyday materials on the basis of their simple physical properties | Y3 Rocks <br> - compare and group together different kinds of rocks on the basis of their appearance and simple physical properties <br> Y4 States of matter: <br> - compare and group materials together, according to whether they are solids, liquids or gases | Y5 Properties and changes of materials: <br> - compare and group together everyday materials on the basis of their properties, including their hardness, solubility, transparency, conductivity (electrical and thermal), and response to magnets |
| - Properties \& changes of materials (Y5) |  | Y4 (states of matter) <br> - identify the part played by evaporation and condensation in the water cycle and associate the rate of evaporation with temperature |  |

Y2 (uses of everyday materials:

- find out how the shapes of solid objects made from some materials can be changed by squashing, bending, twisting and stretching

Y4 (states of matter):

- observe that some materials change state when they are heated or cooled, and measure or research the temperature at which this happens in degrees Celsius ( ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ )

Y5 Properties and changes of materials:

- explain that some changes result in the formation of new materials, and that this kind of change is not usually reversible, including changes associated with burning and the action of acid on bicarbonate of soda
- demonstrate that dissolving, mixing and changes of state are reversible changes
- know that some materials will dissolve in liquid to form a solution, and describe how to recover a substance from a solution
- use knowledge of solids, liquids and gases to decide how mixtures might be separated, including through filtering, sieving and evaporating

Y3 (rocks):

- describe in simple terms how fossils are formed when things that have lived are trapped within rock
- recognise that soils are made from rocks and organic matter
(Y6 Evolution and inheritance:
- recognise that living things have changed over time and that fossils provide information about living things that inhabited the Earth millions of years ago)




| Sound (y4) |  | Y4 (sound): <br> - identify how sounds are made, associating some of them with something vibrating <br> - recognise that vibrations from sounds travel through a medium to the ear <br> - find patterns between the pitch of a sound and features of the object that produced it <br> - find patterns between the volume of a sound and the strength of the vibrations that produced it <br> - recognise that sounds get fainter as the distance from the sound source increases |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Seasonal changes (Y1) <br> Earth and space (y5) | Y1: <br> - observe changes across the 4 seasons <br> - observe and describe weather associated with the seasons and how day length varies |  | Y5: <br> - describe the movement of the Earth and other planets relative to the sun in the solar system <br> - describe the movement of the moon relative to the Earth <br> - describe the sun, Earth and moon as approximately spherical bodies <br> - use the idea of the Earth's rotation to explain day and night and the apparent movement of the sun across the sky |

## Working Scientifically Skills Progression Grid:

| KS1 |  | LKS2 |
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