

What it looked like last year: Year 5

- Use Ordnance Survey maps
- Understand how physical features are represented on 2-dimensional maps through the use of contour lines.

What it looks like next year:

KS3 National curriculum for yr7

Trade is an important way for countries to make money and has been happening across the world for hundreds of years.

Vocabulary:

Trade- is the buying and selling of goods and services.

Import is a raw material or a finished product that is brought into a country from abroad.

Export -to send goods to another country to sell.

Manufactured products -products that have been made from a raw material often using machinery.

Raw materials-basic material from which a product is made E.g. steel, oil, corn, grain.

Developed Countries-A developed country is a sovereign state that has a high quality of life, developed economy and advanced technological infrastructure.

Consumer-a person who purchases goods and services.

Producer - a person, company, or country that makes, grows, or supplies goods for sale.

Key- (or legend) is a list of symbols that appear on the map.

Scale- the relationship (or ratio) between distance on a map and the corresponding distance on the ground.

Useful links:

BBC Bitesize

<https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/topics/zx72pv4/articles/zk4rmfr>

Fairtrade: Video on Fairtrade:

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=8pkIW30EJs8>

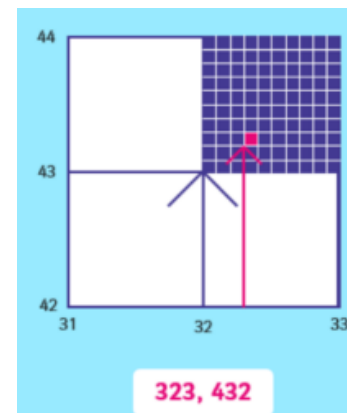
Interactive world map on Fairtrade producers:

<http://www.fairtrade.org.uk/en/what-is-fairtrade/producer-map>

Sequence of Learning

- **What do you already know about trade?** Afl. Introducing the terms import/ export/ local/ national and global trade.
- **Where does our food come from?** Tracing everyday items used in the UK to their country of origin.
- **What does the UK export and why?** Does the UK export raw materials or manufactured goods? Why does the UK export this type of goods?
- **Fair trade- why pay more?** Positive impact that people buying Fairtrade has on communities of farmers and manufacturers in less developed countries.
- **How do we read 6 figure grid references?** How six-figure grid references are used to find an exact location. Scale.
- **Can I apply all that I have learned about mapping skills?**

Six figure grid reference- contains 6 numbers which gives us an even more precise location on a map.



Fair trade allows farmers to be paid a fair price for the things they make and to have better working conditions.

Mapping Skills Lesson

- How can we locate places on Ordnance Survey maps?
- What is a six-figure grid reference?
- How can we read them?
- How is distance represented on a map?

Ordnance Survey is Britain's mapping agency. All OS maps use the same symbols, which are included in a key so people using the map know what each symbol represents.